AP Human Geography Unit VI. Industrialization and Economic Development

Outline with Corresponding Multiple Choice Questions

VI. Industrialization and Economic Development

Note: it is our professional opinion that the italicized outline and corresponding questions should be taught as background information for this unit.

Key concepts in industrialization and development

- 1. Sectors of the economy (6)
 - *a. Primary activities* (5, 7, 8, 10)
 - b. Geographic distribution of secondary activities (11, 12, 13)
 - c. Geographic distribution of tertiary activities (3, 4, 9, 14, 15, 16)
- 2. Global trends with respect to sectors of the economy (17)
 - a. Trends in MDCs (18)
 - b. Trends in LDCs (2, 20)
- 3. Types of economic systems
 - a. Subsistence vs. commercial (21, 22, 23)
 - b. Free-market economies
 - c. Planned economies
 - d. Mixed economies

A. Growth and diffusion of industrialization

- 1. The changing roles of energy and technologies
 - a. Types of energy resources and their implications (25, 41, 42)
 - b. New technologies and development possibilities (43, 44)
- 2. Industrial Revolution (39, 40, 47)
 - a. Origin of the Industrial Revolution (24, 26)
 - b. Diffusion of industrialization (19th and 20th centuries) (27)
 - c. Manufacturing regions of the world (28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36)
 - d. Connection between industrialization and the demographic transition (37, 38)

3. Evolution of economic cores and peripheries

- a. Core/Periphery Model (48)
- b. Evolution of development models (50, 51, 52, 53)
- c. Global geographic distribution of wealth
- d. Regional disparities in wealth (54, 55)
- e. Case studies: U.S.A., Europe, and Latin America
- 4. Geographic critiques of models of economic localization (i.e., land rent, comparative costs of transportation), industrialization location, economic development, and world systems
 - a. Land rent theory
 - b. Comparative costs of transportation (59, 60)
 - Ship, rail, truck, & air

- The FedEx story
- c. Weber's Least Cost Theory of Industrial Location (56, 57, 58)
- d. Bulk-gaining vs. bulk-reducing industries (61, 62, 63)
- e. Site & situational factors (**64**, **65**, **66**, **67**)
- f. Economic development strategies for national, regional, and local economies (68, 69, 70, 108)
- g. World Systems Theory, Wallerstein (45, 46, 49)

B. Contemporary patterns of impacts of industrialization and development

1. Spatial organization of the world economy

- a. The Human Development Index (HDI) (1, 71, 81, 82)
- b. The HDI by country and region (72, 73, 74)
- c. North/South split and/or core/periphery (75, 76)
- d. Trends in geographic distribution of wealth (19, 77, 78)
- e. Millennium development goals (134)

2. Variations in levels of development

- a. Regional disparities around the world
- b. Variations within regions (Latin America, Europe, & Asia)
- c. Variations of development within a country (79, 80, 83)

3. Deindustrialization and economic restructuring

- a. The changing geography of the textile and auto industries (86)
- b. Maquiladoras and EPZs (89, 90, 91)
- c. Tourism and its economic, cultural, and environmental impacts (100, 101)
- d. Commodity chains and the Fair Trade movement (114, 132)
- e. The information economy?

4. Globalization and international division of labor (111, 112, 113)

- a. Outsourcing and the changing geography of jobs (97, 98, 99)
- b. The Four Asian Tigers (87, 88, 94, 95, 96)
- c. Case studies: The Rise of China and India (92, 93)

5. Natural resources and environmental concerns (118, 121)

- a. Non-renewable resources (fossil fuels & minerals) (119, 128, 129)
- b. Distribution and usage of non-renewable resources (122, 123, 124)
- c. Renewable resources (wind, solar, geothermal, water) (120)
- d. Distribution and usage of renewable resources (126)
- e. Environmental changes (105, 125)
- f. Global Warming (103, 104)
- g. Drawbacks of industrialization (air and water pollution etc.) (102)
 - New technologies
- h. The future for non-renewable and renewable resources

6. Sustainable development (133)

- a. Sustainable development as an economic strategy
- b. Sustainable development as an environmental strategy
- c. The future of sustainable development
- d. Case studies: forestry and fisheries

7. Local development initiatives: government policies

a. National development strategies (109, 110)

- International trade approach vs. self-sufficiency (84, 85)
- b. Micro loans and the Gramin Bank (115)
- c. LDC debt crisis (106, 107)

8. Women and Development (116)

- a. Gender Development Index (GDI) (127, 131)
- b. Gender National Empowerment Index (GNEI)
- c. Gender Empowerment Measurement (GEM) (130)
- d. Gender Development in the Developing World